Investigation of Mocs and Pleşcoi meteorites using inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS):

elemental composition and Pb isotopic ratios



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- Mass spectrometer (MS)
 - identifying components (elements)
- Inductively coupled plasma (ICP)
 - from *atoms* to *ions*







Sample introduction system

lon source (plasma)







lon filter (quadrupole)

lon counter (detector)



mg/kg	HR-ICP-MS	3σ	ICP-QMS	3σ
La	0.41	0.05	0.47	0.05
Ce	1.31	0.17	1.52	0.17
Pr	0.17	0.01	0.20	0.02
Nd	0.86	0.08	0.97	0.11
Sm	0.27	0.01	0.28	0.03
Eu	0.04	0.01	0.03	0.01
Gd	0.34	0.01	0.38	0.04
Tb	0.07	0.01	0.07	0.01
Dy	0.36	0.03	0.37	0.03
Ho	0.09	0.01	0.10	0.01
Er	0.26	0.01	0.27	0.03
Tm	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.01
Yb	0.26	0.01	0.26	0.03
Lu	0.04	0.01	0.05	0.01









- Mass filter: quadrupole \bullet
 - m / z (z=1)
 - $R = m / \Delta m$
 - R ~400, Δm ~0.5



- Interferences
 - isobaric: (²⁰⁴Hg, ²⁰⁴Pb), (⁶⁴Ni, ⁶⁴Zn)
 - polyatomic: (⁵⁶Fe, ⁴⁰Ar¹⁶O), (⁷⁵As, ⁴⁰Ar³⁵Cl)







- Mass filter: quadrupole
 - $R = m / \Delta m$
 - Vanadium: m=50.942 amu
 - Cromium: m=51.996 amu
 - Δm=1.054 amu, R=48 (<400) 😊





- Mass filter: quadrupole
 - $R = m / \Delta m$
 - ⁶⁴Ni: m=63.927966 amu
 - ⁶⁴Zn: m=63.929142 amu
 - Δm(⁶⁴Ni⁶⁴Zn)=0.001176 amu, R=54360 (>400)
 - Δm(²⁰⁴Hg²⁰⁴Pb)=0.00045 amu, R=451111 (>400)





- Inteferences mitigation techniques
 - pick another isotope (*if possible*)
 - correction equations (based on natural abundances)
 - mass-shift (dynamic reaction cell DRC)
 - e.g. $^{75}As = ^{40}Ar + ^{35}CI = ^{75}(ArCI)$
 - kinetic energy discrimination (KED, using He)
 - e.g. ${}^{56}Fe = {}^{40}Ar + {}^{16}O = {}^{56}(ArO)$



lon filter (quadrupole)



Sample introduction system



lon source (plasma)

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Er	0.26	0.01	0.27	0.03
Tm	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.01
Yb	0.26	0.01	0.26	0.03
Lu	0.04	0.01	0.05	0.01



lon filter (quadrupole)



Sample introduction system



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$$^{75}As \xrightarrow{16O_2} ^{91}(AsO)$$

lon filter (quadrupole)



lon counter (detector)



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Pr	0.17	0.01	0.20	0.02
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Ho	0.09	0.01	0.10	0.01
Er	0.26	0.01	0.27	0.03
Tm	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.01
Yb	0.26	0.01	0.26	0.03
Lu	0.04	0.01	0.05	0.01



- Inteferences mitigation techniques
 - pick another isotope (*if possible*)
 - correction equations (based on natural abundances)
 - mass-shift (dynamic reaction cell DRC)
 - e.g. 75As = 40Ar + 35Cl (ArCl)
 - kinetic energy discrimination (KED)
 - e.g. 56Fe = 40Ar + 16O (ArO)



lon filter (quadrupole)



Sample introduction system



lon source (plasma)

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$$^{56}Fe+^{56}(ArO) \longrightarrow ^{56}Fe$$

lon filter (quadrupole)



lon counter (detector)



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Dy	0.36	0.03	0.37	0.03
Ho	0.09	0.01	0.10	0.01
Er	0.26	0.01	0.27	0.03
Tm	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.01
Yb	0.26	0.01	0.26	0.03
Lu	0.04	0.01	0.05	0.01



- Inteferences mitigation techniques
 - pick another isotope (*if possible*)
 - correction equations (based on natural abundances)
 - mass-shift (dynamic reaction cell DRC)
 - e.g. 75As = 40Ar + 35CI (ArCI)
 - kinetic energy discrimination (KED)
 - e.g. 56Fe = 40Ar + 160 (ArO)
 - triple quadrupole system







lon filter (quadrupole)



lon source (plasma)





Sample

introduction

system

lon filter (quadrupole)

lon filter (quadrupole)

lon counter (detector)





mg/kg	HR-ICP-MS	30	ICP-QMS	
La	0.41	0.05	0.47	0
Ce	1.31	0.17	1.52	0
Pr	0.17	0.01	0.20	0
Nd	0.86	0.08	0.97	- 0
Sm	0.27	0.01	0.28	- 0
Eu	0.04	0.01	0.03	0
Gd	0.34	0.01	0.38	0
Tb	0.07	0.01	0.07	- 0
Dy	0.36	0.03	0.37	- 0
Ho	0.09	0.01	0.10	- 0
Er	0.26	0.01	0.27	0
Tm	0.04	0.01	0.04	- 0
Yb	0.26	0.01	0.26	- 0
Lu	0.04	0.01	0.05	0





- Calibration
 - Measure calibration standards (known concentration)
 - Build calibration curve
 - Measure unknown sample
 - Use the calibration curve cu get the concentration
 - Calibration curve is actually a line (detector is usually linear for ~9 orders of magnitude)





Meteorites

- Over **76000** identified meteorites
- Classification
 - Chondrites (~86%)
 - Iron (~5%)
 - Stony-iron (~1%)
 - Achondrites
 - Moon, Mars etc





Romanian meteorites

Nr.	Nume	An	Localitate	Coordonate	Tip
1	Mezö-Madaras	1852	Mădăraș, MS	46°36'N, 24°26'E	L3.7
2	Ohaba	1857	Ohaba, AB	46°04'N, 23°47'E	H5
3	Kakowa	1858	Grădinari, CS	45°08'N, 21°40'E	L6
4	Mocs	1882	Mociu, CJ	46°48'N, 24°02'E	L5-6
5	Zsadany	1875	Cornești, TM	45°55'N, 21°13'E	H5
6	Tuzla	1920	Tuzla, CT	44°01'N, 28°38'E	L6
7	Sopot	1927	Sopot, DJ	44°25'N, 23°30'E	00
8	Tauti	1937	Tauti, AR	46°43'N, 23°30'E	L6
9	Gresia	1990	Gresia, TR	44°10'N, 24°55'E	H4
10	Pleșcoi	2008	Pleșcoi, BZ	45°16'N, 26°42'E	L5-6

• Mocs

- Fall date: 03.02.1882 over Mocs (azi Mociu), Cluj
- Total mass: ~300 kg, 100+ fragments
- Pleşcoi
 - Fall date: 12.06.2008 over Pleșcoi, Buzău
 - Total mass: 6.91 kg, 1 fragment

Masă	Obs.
22.70 kg	fall
16.25 kg	fall
577 g	fall
300 kg	fall
552 g	fall
236 g	find
958 g	fall
21 kg	fall
26.9 kg	find
6.91 kg	fall







Isotopic ratio measurements (phase 1) Calibration for laser ablation





	literature data		measured
	²⁰⁷ Pb/ ²⁰⁶ Pb	²⁰⁸ Pb/ ²⁰⁶ Pb	²⁰⁷ Pb/ ²⁰⁶ Pb ²
NIST 610	0.9096	2.167	0.9165
SD	0.0008	0.0018	0.0063
RSD	0.088	0.0831	0.6852

- 0.0269
- 1.2189



Isotopic ratio measurements (phase 2) Calibration for liquid sample

NIST 981	Measured values	Certified values
²⁰⁴ Pb/ ²⁰⁷ Pb	0.0591 ± 0.0001	0.059042 ± 0.000037
²⁰⁷ Pb/ ²⁰⁶ Pb	0.9137 ± 0.0013	0.9146 ± 0.00033
²⁰⁸ Pb/ ²⁰⁶ Pb	2.1653 ± 0.0031	2.1681 ± 0.0008

	²⁰⁷ Pb/ ²⁰⁶ Pb	SD	RSD	²⁰⁸ Pb/ ²⁰⁶ Pb	SD	RSD
Mocs S	0.8656	0.0084	0.97	2.1011	0.0036	0.17
Plescoi S	0.8610	0.0092	1.07	2.1329	0.0041	0.19
Mocs LA	0.8564	0.0135	1.58	2.1092	0.0432	2.05
Plescoi LA	0.8576	0.014	1.63	2.1349	0.0561	2.63



Lead (Pb) natural abundance



National Institute of Standards & Technology

Certificate of Analysis

Standard Reference Material 981

Common Lead Isotopic Standard

This Standard Reference Material (SRM) is intended primarily for use at an isotopic standard. SRM 981 consists of 1 gram of a commercially available, high purity lead metal, of 99.9 + percent purity, that was extruded into wire form. The atomic weight of the material is calculated to be 207.215 using the nuclidic masses 203.073044, 205.954468, 309.975203, and 207.976650. The certified isotopic compositions are given below.

Atomic Abundance Ratio, Lead-204/Lead-206 0.059042 \pm 0.00003
Atomic Abundance Ratio, Lead-207/Leac-206 $\ldots 0.91464 \pm 0.01033$
Atomic Abundance Ratio, Lead-208/Lead-205 2.1681 \pm 0.0008
Load-204. atom percent 1.4255 ± 0.0012
Load-206, atom percent
Lead-207, atom percent
Lead-208, atom percent

Overall limits of error are based on 95 percent confidence limits for the mean of the ratio measurements and on allowance. for the known sources of possible systematic error.

Measurements for certification were by triple filament solid-sample mass spectrometry. Mixtures with known ²⁰⁸Pb²⁰⁸Pb ratio, prepared from high-purity separated isotope solutions, were used as comparison standards. Details of the preparation and measurements were published by E.J. Catanzaro, T.J. Murphy, W.R. Shields, and E.L. Garner, J. Research NBS 7DA, No. 3,261 (1968).

The analytical measurements leading to the certification of this material were performed in the NIST Inorganic Analytical Research Division.

The overall coordination of offerts leading to the update and revision of this certificate was coordinated through the Standard Reference Materials Program by T. E. Gills.

Gaithersburg, MD 20899 March 25, 1991 (Revision of certificate dated 4-10-73) William P. Reed, Chief Standard Reference Materials Program



Rare earth elements (REE) for Mocs **Sample preparation**

- Mocs fragment was grounded to very fine powder; 100 mg of Mocs and Allende meteorites were used for analysis;
- 3 mL HNO3, 3 ml HF and 2 mL H2O were added to the sample and then placed in the microwave oven for 30 minutes (up to 22°C in the first 10 minutes, no change for another 10 minutes, then up to 240°C for the remaining time).
- After cooling, the digested solutions were evaporated and dried down on a hot plate.
- The second stage of acid treatment consisted on 1 mL HNO3, 2 mL HCL and 5 mL H2O and placed again in the microwave oven for 35 minutes (up to 200°C in the first 15 minutes, then the temperature was kept constant).
- After cooling, the final solution was brought to a total volume of 50 mL with deionized water in a volumetric flask, ready for direct ICP-MS analysis.
- A blank solution was prepared and its contribution was extracted from samples detector counts (cps level).



Rare earth elements (Mocs) Instrumentation and results

- Perkin-Elmer Multi-Element Standard II used for calibration
- Allende reference material (obtained from Smithsonian Museum)
- Perkin-Elmer Elan DRC II quadrupole ICP-MS from INCDO INOE2000 Research Institute for Analytical Instrumentation (ICIA) Cluj-Napoca
- Nu Instruments AttoM high-resolution ICP-MS (HR-ICP-MS) from Department of Geology, Faculty of Biology and Geology, Babes-Bolyai University, Cluj-Napoca



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Future plans

- Pleșcoi RRE data
- Revisiting isotopic measurements for Mocs and Pleşcoi (Allende?) including ²⁰⁴Pb isotope using *Thermo Fisher Scientific* iCAP TQ ICP-MS triplequadrupole, initial trials are encouraging
- List for Santa Claus:
 - Geochronology...
 - More precise isotopic ratio data (MC-ICP-MS)...







